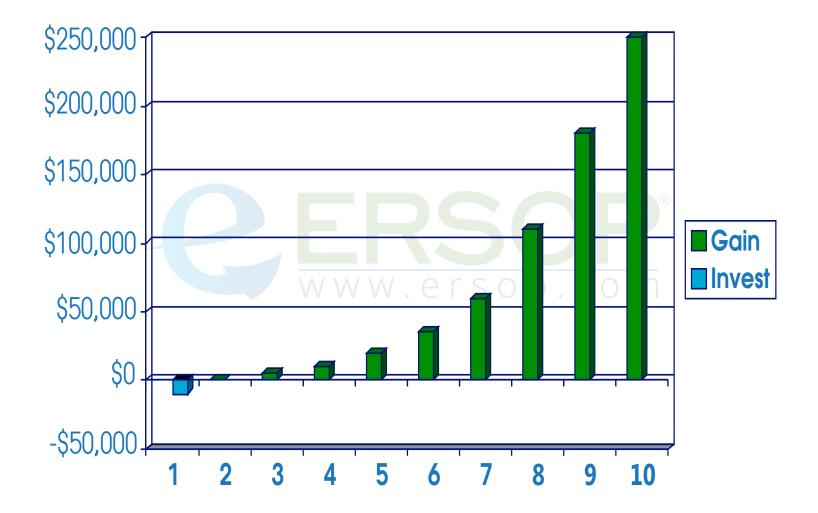


This started it all in 1999.

Example of Company Growth

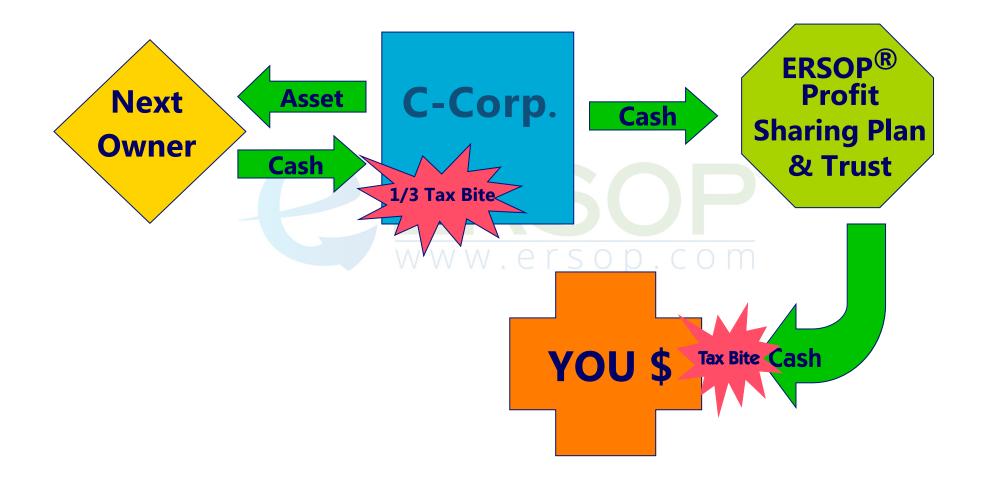


Stock Sale By Plan

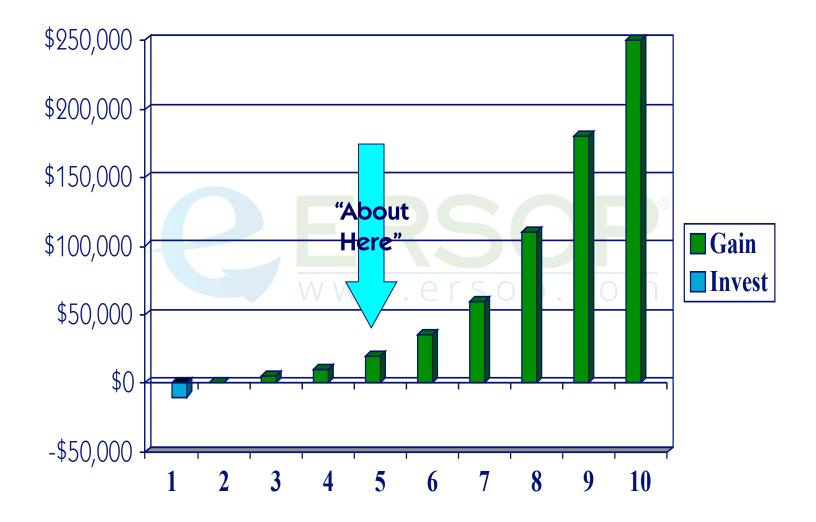
No one is willing to buy stock without a BIG discount,
 because with the stock goes:

 Assets fully depreciated for tax purposes, and
 Any unforeseen liabilities.

Double Taxation



Company Growth Curve



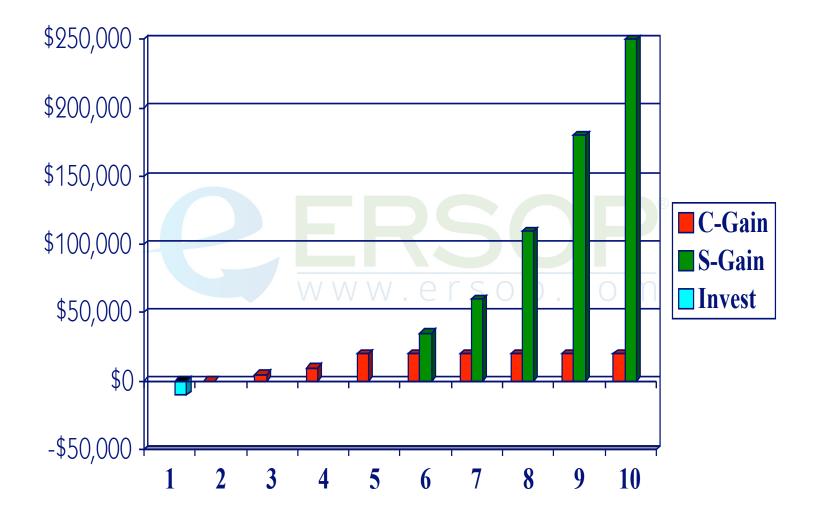
Stock Retirement – Illustrated



Then - Elect S-Corp Status a good thing!

- You will need a Third-Party Business Valuation
 - To freeze the C-corp. gains, if any, and
 - To show the IRS "adequate consideration" was paid for the stock.

C-Corp vs. S-Corp Gain

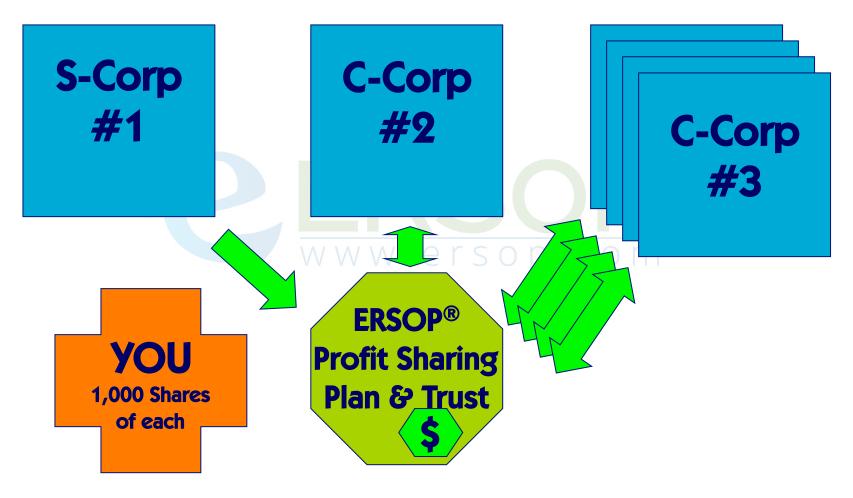


Asset Sale By S-Corp. - Illustrated

- The S-Corp. sells appreciated assets to the next buyer.
- The majority of the gain passes through the S-Corp. to our client who pays tax once and receives long term gains treatment on the long term gains - currently 15%.
- The S-Corp. pays a small, and yet deductible, §1374 c-tax on the gains that occurred while the corporation was a C-Corp. If the sale is beyond ten years after S-Corp. election, then the c-tax expires.



Back at Year You Retire Plan Stock: Ready to Invest in Unit #2,3,4



Other Exits ...

- Yes, you can remain a C-Corp—
 - especially if you are not making money hand over fist.
- Stock Distribution [Freebird/Aamco]
 - If the value gets away from you —
 - Immediate ordinary income tax on "basis,"
 - Deferred capital gain tax on unrealized appreciation until
 - "realization" then pay Capital Gains Tax.

Other Exits [cont.]

- IRC Sec. 338(h)(10) [Cinderella's pumpkin]
 - You sell stock that becomes "assets" at midnight.
- Tax deferral through third-party annuity.
- Retirement, Death or Disability . . .
- Divorce [QDRO] ...
- Use the ERSOP . . .